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DATE MAILED: 10/13/2005

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO	
09/295,463	04/13/1999	LEX M. COWSERT	ISIS-3455	7206	
35807 7	590 10/13/2005		EXAMINER		
Isis Pharmaceuticals, Inc. 1896 Rtherford Road			MORAN, MARJORIE A		
Carlsbad, CA 92008			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
•			1631		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Advisory Action Before the Filing of an Appeal Brief

Application No.	Applicant(s)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
09/295,463	COWSERT ET AL.		
Examiner	Art Unit		
Marjorie A. Moran	1631		

Before the Filing of an Appeal Brief	Examiner	Art Unit	
	Marjorie A. Moran	1631	
The MAILING DATE of this communication appe	ars on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence add	ress
THE REPLY FILED <u>23 September 2005</u> FAILS TO PLACE THI	S APPLICATION IN CONDITION F	OR ALLOWANCE.	٠
1. The reply was filed after a final rejection, but prior to or on this application, applicant must timely file one of the follow places the application in condition for allowance; (2) a No a Request for Continued Examination (RCE) in compliance time periods:	wing replies: (1) an amendment, aff tice of Appeal (with appeal fee) in c ce with 37 CFR 1.114. The reply mu	idavit, or other evider compliance with 37 C	nce, which FR 41.31; or (3)
a) The period for reply expires 4 months from the mailing date b) The period for reply expires on: (1) the mailing date of this A	dvisory Action, or (2) the date set forth		
no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire le Examiner Note: If box 1 is checked, check either box (a) or TWO MONTHS OF THE FINAL REJECTION. See MPEP 7	(b). ONLY CHECK BOX (b) WHEN THE	•	
Extensions of time may be obtained under 37 CFR 1.136(a). The date have been filed is the date for purposes of determining the period of exunder 37 CFR 1.17(a) is calculated from: (1) the expiration date of the set forth in (b) above, if checked. Any reply received by the Office later may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b) NOTICE OF APPEAL	on which the petition under 37 CFR 1.1 tension and the corresponding amount shortened statutory period for reply origing than three months after the mailing date.	of the fee. The approprinally set in the final Offi	iate extension fee ce action; or (2) as
 The Notice of Appeal was filed on A brief in comp filing the Notice of Appeal (37 CFR 41.37(a)), or any exte a Notice of Appeal has been filed, any reply must be filed 	nsion thereof (37 CFR 41.37(e)), to	avoid dismissal of th	
<u>AMENDMENTS</u>			
3. The proposed amendment(s) filed after a final rejection, (a) They raise new issues that would require further co	nsideration and/or search (see NO		ecause
 (b) They raise the issue of new matter (see NOTE below) (c) They are not deemed to place the application in begappeal; and/or 	• •	ducing or simplifying	the issues for
(d) They present additional claims without canceling a NOTE: (See 37 CFR 1.116 and 41.33(a)).	corresponding number of finally rej	ected claims.	
4. The amendments are not in compliance with 37 CFR 1.1	21. See attached Notice of Non-Co	moliant Amendment	(PTOL-324)
5. Applicant's reply has overcome the following rejection(s)		p.iane / anonamone	(1 102 02 1).
 Newly proposed or amended claim(s) would be all non-allowable claim(s). 	lowable if submitted in a separate,		
7. For purposes of appeal, the proposed amendment(s): a) how the new or amended claims would be rejected is protected. The status of the claim(s) is (or will be) as follows: Claim(s) allowed:		l be entered and an e	explanation of
Claim(s) objected to:			
Claim(s) rejected: <u>55,56,58-72,74-76,78-83,85-87 and 99</u>	<u>-102</u> .		
Claim(s) withdrawn from consideration: AFFIDAVIT OR OTHER EVIDENCE			
 The affidavit or other evidence filed after a final action, but because applicant failed to provide a showing of good an was not earlier presented. See 37 CFR 1.116(e). 			
9. The affidavit or other evidence filed after the date of filing entered because the affidavit or other evidence failed to of showing a good and sufficient reasons why it is necessar	vercome all rejections under appea	al and/or appellant fai	ils to provide a
10. ☐ The affidavit or other evidence is entered. An explanatio REQUEST FOR RECONSIDERATION/OTHER			
11. The request for reconsideration has been considered bu See Continuation Sheet.	t does NOT place the application in	n condition for allowar	nce because:
12. Note the attached Information Disclosure Statement(s).	(PTO/SB/08 or PTO-1449) Paper N	lo(s)	
13.	Mayoria a. 10/5/05	How	
	10/5/05	Marjorie A. Moran Primary Examiner	
	*77.2	Art Unit: 1631	

Continuation of 11. does NOT place the application in condition for allowance because: In response to the argument that finality of the office action is premature, it is noted that (a) no "amendment" was, in fact, filed prior to the RCE. The previous examiner noted that IF the claim listing filed with the arguments were to be considered an amendment, it would not be entered as it was an improper amendment for the reasons listed in the advisory action of 12/9/04, (b) the RCE did not request entry of the "amendment" filed 9/13/04, but instead was accompanied by a different amendment, and (c) the amendment filed with the RCE of 2/14/05 did not change the scope of the claims, all rejections could have been made over the amended claims even if they had been presented in the previous amendment. In fact, the rejections are all the same as those made and maintained in previous office actions. Thus, the examiner maintains that the finality of the previous office action is proper, and the time period for response to the final office action continues to run from the mailing date of 5/23/05.

In response to the argument that AGRAFIOTIS does not teach use of thermodynamic criteria on combination with "other" criteria to generate in silico compounds, it is noted that applicant admits on page 5 of the response that AGRAFIOTIS does teach use of several parameters (or criteria) to generate a library of compounds. Applicant argues that AGRAFIOTIS' compounds are "real" as opposed to in silico, compounds. AS AGRAFIOTIS teaches that his method is computerized, and specifically teaches that his synthesis protocol generator identifies, under computer control, reagents to produce compounds with desired properties, and teaches computerized generation of a library (col. 16, lines 4-64), the examiner maintains that AGRAFIOTIS teaches/makes obvious generation of an in silico library. The criteria used by AGRAFIOTIS to generate his library include electronic and chemical bonding parameters, as well as receptor fit information. Any parameters relating to energy of a compound and/or reaction energy are "thermodynamic properties", thus AGRAFIOTIS' electronic criteria and his chemical bonding information are reasonably interpreted to be thermodynamic properties. For these reasons, the arguments are not persuasive and the rejections under 35 USC 103 are maintained. In response to the argument that the specification does provide support for a step of generating in silico compounds using thermodynamic properties, in particular that the specification provides numerous criteria for generating compounds, and "quite clearly" teaches in silico generation of compounds, it is noted that the ONLY compounds specifically disclosed as being "synthesized" by the instant disclosure are oligonucleotides. While the specification does disclose the term "compounds", the specification does not disclose generation or synthesis, in silico or otherwise, of any other particular compounds, thus the examiner's assessment of the claims was performed "in light" of the teachings of the specification. As previously set forth, the originally filed disclosure does NOT disclose generating in silico compounds (oligonucleotide or other) based on a combination of thermodynamic and other "other" criteria anywhere. On page 3 of the response, applicant argues that it is true that one may generate sequences prior to calculating thermodynamic properties, but that "(t)his

does not mean, however, that in silico compounds cannot be generated according to a thermodynamic property." The mere fact that something is possible is not the same as a specific disclosure for performing steps in the particular order now claimed. The specification does not actually teach calculation of thermodynamic properties before in silico or virtual synthesis/generation of compounds. Figure 4 indicates that virtual oligonucleotide sequences are "generated", which the examiner interprets to be an "in silico synthesis" in step 305. Step 306, which FOLLOWS step 305, is one of calculating thermodynamic, sequence and homology scores. Step 348 (which occurs after steps 305 and 306) is one of generating a LIST of those sequences with scores in a desired range. Generation of a LIST is not interpreted by the examiner to be generation or synthesis of in silico compounds/sequences; it is merely a selection of those oligonucleotides previously generated in step 305. Pages 15-18 of the specification confirm the examiner's interpretation. Pages 16-17 specifically disclose a section titled "In Silico Evaluation of Thermodynamic Properties of Virtual Oligonucleotides". Thus, while the specification and figures do provide support for in silico generation of compounds, specifically oligonucleotides, they do NOT provide support for such generation to occur "according to" thermodynamic properties. Rather, the originally filed disclosure clearly and specifically teaches calculation of thermodynamic properties AFTER in silico synthesis. For these reason, the arguments are not persuasive, and the new matter rejection is maintained.